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AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	January 1, 2001	AND ENDING	December 31, 2001
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTII	FICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			y
Meridien Financial Group, Inc.			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
(formerly Lauderdale Investmen	- · ·		FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	SINESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	
10 Dorrance Street	·		
	(No. and Street)		
Providence, Rhode Island 0290	3		
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P.	ERSON TO CONTACT I	N REGARD TO THIS	REPORT
Michael L. Balasco		401.27	2.4700
		(A	rea Code — Telephone No.)
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTI	FICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT W	vhose opinion is contained	in this Report*	
Rooney, Plotkin & Willey, LLP			
(Nan	ne — if individual, state last, first, m	iddle name)	
10 Dorrance Street, Providence	, Rhode Island 0290	03	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			PROCESSE
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its nosse	raione	MAR 2 2 2002
Accountant not resident in Omited	diates of any of its posse	5510115.	THOMSON
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Υ	FINANCIAL
		·	
L			

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Waysor

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Michael L. Balasco, Principal & President of	.•
I, <u>Meridien Financial Group. Inc.</u> , swear (or affirm) that, to best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm	
Warding Timesalal Crown Inc. (formarly Louderdale Investment Company)	
	as of
December 31, 2001, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the com	pany
nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as the a customer, except as follows:	at of
a customer, except as ronows.	
Wille B	
PAINCIAL & PRESIDENT	-
Title	
Notary Public	
Comm. Apriles 6/19/2005	
This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing page.	
図 (b) Statement of Financial Condition. 図 (c) Statement of Income (Loss). and Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition a Cash Flows	
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.	
図 (g) Computation of Net Capital 図 (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.	
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.	
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and	i the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.	
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of	con-
solidation. [2] (1) An Oath or Affirmation.	**
(r) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
 (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous at x (o) Independent Auditors' Report on Supplementary Information Required by 	ıdit.
Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).	
x (p) Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rules 17a-5 for a Broker Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3	

Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Financial Statements
December 31, 2001 and 2000

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Index to Financial Statements

December 31, 2001 and 2000

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Meridien Financial Group, Inc. Providence, Rhode Island

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (formerly Lauderdale Investment Company) (a Rhode Island corporation) as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related statements of income and retained earnings (accumulated deficit), and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Meridien Financial Group, Inc. at December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

ROONEY, PLOTKIN & WILLEY, LLP

February 11, 2002



MEMBER OF IA INTERNATIONAL WITH CORRESPONDENT OFFICES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE WORLD

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Statements of Financial Condition

		December 31,		
	,	2001		2000
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	129,228	\$	123,433
Commissions Receivable		40,254		37,655
Prepaid Expenses		872		467
Furniture and Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation of \$43,362 and \$38,741 for 2001 and 2000, Respectively				<u>-</u> .
Total Assets	\$	170,354	\$	161,555
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	9,993	\$	32,111
Commissions Payable	•	90,132	•	78,141
Income Taxes Payable		644		250
Total Liabilities		100,769	-	110,502
Stockholders' Equity:				
Common Stock		20,125		20,125
Additional Paid-In Capital		41,378		41,378
Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)		8,082		(10,450)
Total Stockholders' Equity	-	69,585	-	51,053
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	170,354	\$	161,555

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Statements of Income and Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2001	2000	
Revenues	\$ 1,542,406	\$ 792,482	
Expenses:			
Compensation Costs	1,061,256	529,654	
Secretarial Services	361,083	149,641	
Office Supplies and Expense	16,891	23,913	
Depreciation	4,621	15,731	
Rent Expense	10,800	10,800	
Postage and Printing	9,316	8,841	
Telephone	9,942	6,969	
Equipment Lease Expense	-	1,284	
Travel and Entertainment	23,128	22,153	
Professional Fees	6,238	4,680	
Dues, Subscriptions and Licenses	6,281	6,063	
Insurance	2,361	2,055	
Management Fees	12,000	12,000	
Continuing Education	536	4,652	
Utilities	1,200	1,200	
Total Expenses	1,525,653	799,636	
Income (Loss) from Operations	16,753	(7,154)	
Interest Income	2,423	3,024	
Income (Loss) Before Provision for		•	
(Benefit from) Income Taxes	19,176	(4,130)	
Provision for (Benefit from) Income Taxes	644	(1,956)	
Net Income (Loss)	18,532	(2,174)	
Accumulated Deficit, Beginning of Year	(10,450)	(8,276)	
Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit), End of Year	\$ 8,082	\$ (10,450)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Statements of Cash Flows

		Years Ended December 31,		ember 31,
		2001		2000
Operating Activities:				
Net Income (Loss)	\$	18,532	\$	(2,174)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash	Ψ,	10,002	–	(2,171)
Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		4,621		15,731
Change In:		4,021	•	13,731
Commissions Receivable		(2,599)		(23,263)
Prepaid Expenses		(405)		1,084
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		(22,118)		(18,229)
Commissions Payable		11,991		69,543
Income Taxes Payable		394		-
Total Adjustments	•	(8,116)	-	44,866
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		10,416		42,692
The Cash I To rada of Obstanting transition	•	10,110	_	12,002
Investing Activities:				
Acquisition of Furniture and Equipment		(4,621)		(15,731)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(4,621)	_	(15,731)
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		5,795		26,961
•		•		,
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		123,433		96,472
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	129,228	\$ _	123,433
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash Paid During the Year for Income Taxes	\$	250	\$ _	250

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2001 and 2000

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. Nature of the Organization:

Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (the Company) is a Rhode Island broker/dealer regulated by the National Association of Securities Dealers. The Company's principal business activity consists of the generation of commission income from the sale of mutual funds, variable life insurance, variable annuities and shares in registered investment companies. On January 3, 2001, the Company changed its name from Lauderdale Investment Company to Meridien Financial Group, Inc. The name change was approved by the NASD on January 19, 2001.

B. Income Taxes:

Income taxes are provided for the tax effect of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due and deferred taxes. The deferred taxes relate primarily to net operating loss carry-forwards, accelerated depreciation deduction carry-forwards, and charitable contribution carry-forwards available to reduce taxable income in future periods.

C. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Cash Equivalents:

The Company considers all highly liquid short-term investments, with a maturity of three months or less upon acquisition, to be cash equivalents.

E. Furniture and Equipment:

Furniture and equipment is recorded at cost and depreciated over its estimated useful life.

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2001 and 2000

2. Common Stock:

The Company has authorized 400 shares of no par value common stock. As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Company had 374 shares issued and outstanding.

3. Related Party Transactions:

The Company reimburses a company affiliated through common ownership for certain costs as follows:

		_ 2000_
Rent and Utilities	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000
Secretarial Services	354,100	147,500
Total	\$ <u>366,100</u>	\$ 159,500

Rent, on a month-to-month basis, is charged based on certain costs that are directly allocated by the affiliate. The Company is charged monthly for administrative services by the affiliate based on certain activity levels.

During 2001 and 2000, the Company paid commissions and management fees of \$939,000 and \$467,000, respectively, to stockholders of the Company. In addition, at December 31, 2001 and 2000, \$42,000 and \$78,000, respectively, were due to such individuals and are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses and commissions payable.

4. Provision for (Benefit from) Income Taxes:

At December 31, 2000, the Company's deferred tax asset consisted of the following:

Federal	\$ 6,000
State	3,300
Less Valuation Allowance	(9,300)
Total	\$

(formerly Lauderdale Investment Company)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2001 and 2000

4. **Provision for (Benefit from) Income Taxes:** (Continued)

The components of the provision (benefit) for income taxes are as follows:

	2001	_2000
Current:		
Federal	\$ 2,794	\$ (2,206)
State	1,842	250
Benefit of Deduction Carry-forwards Used	(3,992)	-
Deferred:		
Federal	6,000	(3,700)
State	3,300	(1,800)
Change in Valuation Allowance	(9,300)	<u>5,500</u>
Total Provision for (Benefit from) Income Taxes	\$ <u>644</u>	\$ (<u>1,956</u>)

The provision for income taxes differs from the statutory rate because certain expenses, primarily meals and contributions, are limited for tax purposes. The current federal benefit in 2000 of \$(2,206) is due to a net operating loss carry-back to 1998 and 1997.

5. Net Capital and Reserve Requirements:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1). In accordance with this rule, the Company is required to maintain minimum net capital of \$5,000, or 6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness, whichever is greater. In addition, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital cannot exceed 15 to 1.

At December 31, 2001 the Company had net capital of \$68,713, which was \$61,995 in excess of its required net capital of \$6,718. At December 31, 2000 the Company had net capital of \$49,562, which was \$42,203 in excess of its required net capital of \$7,359. At December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 1.47 to 1 and 2.23 to 1, respectively.

The Company is exempt from the reserve requirements for brokers/dealers under Rule 15c3-3(k)(1).



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

To the Board of Directors Meridien Financial Group, Inc. Providence, Rhode Island

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (formerly Lauderdale Investment Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001 and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2002. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplemental schedules of financial and operational combined uniform single report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

ROONEY, PLOTKIN & WILLEY, LLP

February 11, 2002



FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART IIA

BROKER OR DEALER MeridientFinancial Group, Inc.	ř.	as of <u>Dec</u>	ember 31	, 2001
COMPUTATION OF NE	T CAPITAL			
. Total ownership equity from Statement of Financial Condition	*********			3480) 3490 3500
Add: A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in compt B. Other (deductions) or allowable credits (List)				3520 3525
 Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	Ty C) \$ 872	3540	9,585	3530
B. Secured demand note delinquency C. Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities— proprietary capital charges D. Other definitions and for absence.	••	3590 3600 3610 (872) 3620
D. Other deductions and/or charges				3630
A. Contractual securities commitments		3660 3670		
Exempted securities Debt securities Options Other securities	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3735 3733 3730 3734 3650		
D. Undue Concentration		3736 (,	8,713) 374 375
Non-Allowable Assets:			Or	AIT PENNIE
Prepaid Expenses	\$872			·
Net Capital as Reported Net Income Adjustments Reduction of Non-allowable Assets Reduction of Haircut on	\$67,331 (4,715) 4,621			<u>.</u>
Other Securities	1,476 \$68,713			

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART IIA

COMPUTATION			31, 2001
	ON OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREM	ENT	
A			
Minimum net capital required (62/3% of line 19)		\$ 6,71	8 3756
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting bro	oker or dealer and minimimum net car	oital requirement	0 3758
of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net capital requirement (greater of line 11 or 12			
Excess net capital (line 10 less 13) Excess net capital at 1000% (line 10 less 10% of line 10% of l			
COMPUTATION	ON OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDN	ESS	
Total A.I. Ilabilities from Statement of Financial Conditi	on	<u>\$</u> 100,76	9 3790
Add:			•
A. Drafts for immediate credit		3800	
B. Market value of securities borrowed for which no ed	quivalent value		
is paid or credited			r
C. Other unrecorded amounts (List)			3830
Total aggregate indebtedness		1 /	
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (III	ne 19 ÷ (ine 10)		
Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in ac	cordance with Rule 15c3-1(d)	% All Eq	uity 3860
.2% of combined aggregate debit items as shown in Fo 15c3-3 prepared as of the date of the net capital compression.	utation including both brokers or deal	ers and	<u> </u>
consolidated subsidiaries' debits			3970
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting bro requirement of subsidiaries computed in accordance w	oker or dealer and minimum net capit rith Note (A)	al y \$	3880
Net capital requirement (greater of line 22 or 23)		\$	3760
Excess capital (line 10 less 24)		\$	3910
Net capital in excess of the greater of:			<u> </u>
A. 5% of combined aggregate debit items or \$120,000		\$	3920
TES:			
TES: The minimum net capital requirement should be completed and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the		net capital requirement of the re	porting broker
The minimum net capital requirement should be comp		net capital requirement of the re	porting broker
The minimum net capital requirement should be comp dealer and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the	e greater of:		porting broker
The minimum net capital requirement should be completed and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the subsidiary to be consolidated, the minimum dollar net capital requirement, or	e greater of: ate debits if alternative method is use subordination agreements or secured of memberships in exchanges contrib	d. I demand note covered by subor	rdination agree-
The minimum net capital requirement should be completed and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the 1. Minimum dollar net capital requirement, or 2. 62/3% of aggregate indebtedness or 4% of aggregation between the value of securities borrowed under ments not in satisfactory form and the market values	e greater of: ate debits if alternative method is use subordination agreements or secured of memberships in exchanges contrib llowable assets.	ed. I demand note covered by subor outed for use of company (contra	rdination agree-
The minimum net capital requirement should be completed and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the 1. Minimum dollar net capital requirement, or 2. 62/3% of aggregate indebtedness or 4% of aggregate Do not deduct the value of securities borrowed under ments not in satisfactory form and the market values and partners' securities which were included in non-all	e greater of: ate debits if alternative method is use subordination agreements or secured of memberships in exchanges contrib llowable assets. a-5, respondent should provide a list of	ed. I demand note covered by subor outed for use of company (contra	rdination agree-
The minimum net capital requirement should be completed and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the 1. Minimum dollar net capital requirement, or 2. 62/3% of aggregate indebtedness or 4% of aggregation by the control of the value of securities borrowed under ments not in satisfactory form and the market values and partners' securities which were included in non-all For reports filed pursuant to paragraph (d) of Rule 17a	e greater of: ate debits if alternative method is use subordination agreements or secured of memberships in exchanges contrib llowable assets. a-5, respondent should provide a list o	ed. I demand note covered by subor outed for use of company (contra	rdination agree-



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Board of Directors Meridien Financial Group, Inc. Providence, Rhode Island

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Meridien Financial Group, Inc. (formerly Lauderdale Investment Company) (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned



objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ROONEY, PLOTKIN & WILLEY, LLP

February 11, 2002